

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2026

OR

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number 001-07172

BRT APARTMENTS CORP.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

13-2755856

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

60 Cutter Mill Road, Great Neck, NY
(Address of principal executive offices)

11021
(Zip Code)

516-466-3100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock	BRT	NYSE

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulations S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definition of "large accelerated filer" "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of stock, as of the latest practicable date.

18,822,320 shares of Common Stock,
par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding on April 30, 2026

BRT APARTMENTS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Table of Contents

	<u>Page No.</u>
Part I - Financial Information	
Item 1. Financial Statements	
Consolidated Balance Sheets – March 31, 2026 (unaudited) and December 31, 2025 (audited)	2
Consolidated Statements of Operations – Three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 (unaudited)	3
Consolidated Statements of Equity – Three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 (unaudited)	4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows – Three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 (unaudited)	6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	19
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks	29
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	29
Part II – Other Information	
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	30
Item 5. Other Information	31
Item 6. Exhibits	31

Explanatory Note

Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires:

- all references “us”, “we”, “BRT” or the “Company” refer to BRT Apartments Corp. and its consolidated and unconsolidated subsidiaries;
- "acquisitions" include investments in unconsolidated joint ventures;
- the term "promote" refers to our joint venture partner's share of the income and/or cash flow from a multifamily property greater than that implied by their percentage of equity interest in such project;
- we refer to certain entities as “affiliated entities”, because such entities share with us certain executive personnel and ownership. Our “affiliated entities” include Gould Investors L.P. (“Gould Investors”), a master limited partnership involved primarily in the ownership and operation of a diversified portfolio of real estate and other assets; Georgetown Partners LLC (“Georgetown”), which is the managing general partner of Gould Investors and which is controlled by Jeffrey A. Gould, our President, Chief Executive Officer and a director, and Matthew J. Gould, our Senior Vice President and a director; One Liberty Properties, Inc. (“OLP”), a NYSE listed industrial focused REIT; and Majestic Property Management LLC. (“Majestic Property”), a property management company which compensates certain of our executive officers, and which is indirectly owned by, among others, Messrs. J. Gould and M. Gould. The use of the term "affiliated entities" or similar terms does not constitute an acknowledgement that such person(s) or entities are affiliates (as such term is used in the Securities Act (as defined below) or Exchange Act (as defined below) of ours or one another;
- "same store properties" refer to properties that we owned and operated for the entirety of periods being compared, except for properties that are in lease-up. We move properties previously excluded from our same store portfolio (because they were in lease up) into the same store designation once they have stabilized (as described below) and such status has been reflected fully in all applicable periods of comparison. Newly constructed, lease-up, development and redevelopment properties are deemed stabilized upon the earlier to occur of the first full calendar quarter beginning (a) 12 months after the property is fully completed and put in service and (b) attainment of at least 90% physical occupancy. All of the properties in our multifamily portfolio are "same store properties", except for the following properties which are owned by unconsolidated joint ventures: Stono Oaks, 1322 North and Oaks at Victory;
- "standard carve-outs" refers to recourse items to an otherwise non-recourse mortgage and are customary to mortgage financing. While carve-outs vary from lender to lender and transaction to transaction, the carve-outs may include, among other things, a voluntary bankruptcy filing, environmental liabilities, the sale, financing or encumbrance of the property in violation of loan documents, damage to property as a result of intentional misconduct or gross negligence, failure to pay valid taxes and other claims which could or in certain cases, would create a lien on a property and the conversion of security deposits, insurance proceeds or condemnation awards; and
- references to unconsolidated joint ventures exclude ventures in which we have a preferred equity investment.

Item 1. Financial Statements

BRT APARTMENTS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	March 31, 2026 (unaudited)	December 31, 2025 (audited)
ASSETS		
Real estate properties, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$139,504 and \$132,821	\$ 591,488	\$ 596,814
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	44,765	46,121
Loan receivables, net of deferred fees of \$237 and \$252 and allowance for credit loss of \$275 and \$275	17,738	17,723
Cash and cash equivalents	26,897	25,138
Restricted cash	2,098	2,521
Other assets	15,423	21,496
Total Assets	<u>\$ 698,409</u>	<u>\$ 709,813</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Mortgages payable, net of deferred costs of \$4,374 and \$4,614	\$ 470,200	\$ 471,083
Junior subordinated notes, net of deferred costs of \$212 and \$217	37,188	37,183
Credit facility	—	—
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	21,864	24,347
Total Liabilities	<u>529,252</u>	<u>532,613</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity:		
BRT Apartments Corp. stockholders' equity:		
Preferred shares \$0.01 par value 2,000 shares authorized, none outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 300,000 shares authorized; 18,003 and 17,919 shares outstanding	180	180
Additional paid-in capital	274,794	275,408
Accumulated deficit	(105,755)	(98,346)
Total BRT Apartments Corp. stockholders' equity	<u>169,219</u>	<u>177,242</u>
Non-controlling interests	(62)	(42)
Total Equity	<u>169,157</u>	<u>177,200</u>
Total Liabilities and Equity	<u>\$ 698,409</u>	<u>\$ 709,813</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BRT APARTMENTS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in thousands, except shares and per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Revenues:		
Rental and other revenue from real estate properties	\$ 24,170	\$ 23,619
Loan interest and other income	435	487
Total revenues	24,605	24,106
Expenses:		
Real estate operating expenses - including \$8 and \$9 to related parties	10,489	10,550
Interest expense	5,960	5,676
General and administrative - including \$253 and \$178 to related parties	3,867	4,070
Depreciation and amortization	6,683	6,541
Total expenses	26,999	26,837
Total revenues less total expenses	(2,394)	(2,731)
Equity in (loss) earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures	(308)	413
Insurance recovery of casualty loss	136	68
Loss from continuing operations	(2,566)	(2,250)
Income tax provision	76	58
Loss from continuing operations, net of taxes	(2,642)	(2,308)
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	(40)	(44)
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (2,682)	\$ (2,352)
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding:		
Basic and diluted	18,063,713	17,987,092
Net loss per share amounts attributable to common stockholders:		
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.12)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BRT APARTMENTS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY
(Unaudited)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Shares of Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	(Accumulated Deficit)	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
Balances, December 31, 2025	\$ 180	\$ 275,408	\$ (98,346)	\$ (42)	\$ 177,200
Distributions - common stock - \$0.25 per share	—	—	(4,727)	—	(4,727)
Restricted stock and restricted stock units vesting	2	(2)	—	—	—
Compensation expense - restricted stock and restricted stock units	—	922	—	—	922
Distributions to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	(60)	(60)
Shares issued through DRIP	—	976	—	—	976
Shares repurchased	(2)	(2,510)	—	—	(2,512)
Net (loss) income	—	—	(2,682)	40	(2,642)
Balances, March 31, 2026	<u>\$ 180</u>	<u>\$ 274,794</u>	<u>\$ (105,755)</u>	<u>\$ (62)</u>	<u>\$ 169,157</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BRT APARTMENTS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY
(Unaudited)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Shares of Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	(Accumulated Deficit)	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
Balances, December 31, 2024	\$ 179	\$ 272,275	\$ (67,485)	\$ (55)	\$ 204,914
Distributions - common stock - \$0.25 per share	—	—	(4,732)	—	(4,732)
Restricted stock and restricted stock units vesting	2	(2)	—	—	—
Compensation expense - restricted stock and restricted stock units	—	1,142	—	—	1,142
Distributions to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	(53)	(53)
Shares issued through DRIP	—	808	—	—	808
Shares repurchased	(1)	(1,381)	—	—	(1,382)
Net (loss) income	—	—	(2,352)	44	(2,308)
Balances, March 31, 2025	<u>\$ 180</u>	<u>\$ 272,842</u>	<u>\$ (74,569)</u>	<u>\$ (64)</u>	<u>\$ 198,389</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BRT APARTMENTS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (2,642)	\$ (2,308)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	6,683	6,541
Amortization of deferred financing costs	279	283
Amortization of debt fair value adjustment	72	129
Amortization of deferred loan fee income	(15)	(16)
Amortization of restricted stock and restricted stock units	922	1,142
Equity in loss (earnings) of unconsolidated joint ventures	308	(413)
Increases and decreases from changes in other assets and liabilities:		
Increase in other assets	(1,038)	(2,808)
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,483)	(2,304)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,086	246
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Improvements to real estate properties	(1,357)	(2,145)
Distributions from unconsolidated joint ventures	1,048	923
Net cash used in investing activities	(309)	(1,222)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Mortgage principal payments	(1,195)	(1,133)
Dividends paid	(984)	(4,698)
Distributions to non-controlling interests	(60)	(53)
Proceeds from issuance of DRIP shares	976	808
Repurchase of shares of common stock	(2,512)	(1,382)
Net cash used in financing activities	(3,775)	(6,458)
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and escrows:		
	\$ (1,998)	\$ (7,434)
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and escrows at beginning of period	35,620	40,579
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and escrows at end of period	\$ 33,622	\$ 33,145
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for interest expense	\$ 5,389	\$ 5,301
Cash paid for income taxes and excise taxes	\$ 18	\$ 43
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activity:		
Distributions to common stockholders	\$ 3,743	\$ —

BRT APARTMENTS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)
(Dollars in Thousands)

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the consolidated balance sheets that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

	March 31,	
	2026	2025
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,897	\$ 24,366
Restricted cash	2,098	3,012
Escrows (Other assets)	4,627	5,767
Total cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and escrows shown in consolidated statement of cash flows	<u>\$ 33,622</u>	<u>\$ 33,145</u>

BRT APARTMENTS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2026

Note 1 – Organization and Background

BRT Apartments Corp. (the "Company" or "BRT"), a Maryland corporation, owns and operates multifamily properties. These multifamily properties may be wholly owned by us or by unconsolidated joint ventures in which the Company contributed a portion of the equity.

At March 31, 2026, the Company: (i) wholly-owns 21 multifamily properties located in 11 states with an aggregate of 5,420 units and a carrying value of \$589,947,000; (ii) has ownership interests, through unconsolidated entities, in ten multifamily properties located in four states with an aggregate of 2,891 units and the carrying value of its net equity investment is \$44,765,000; (iii) has investments in joint ventures that own two multifamily properties which investments are treated for financial statement purposes as loans (the "Preferred Equity Investments") with a carrying value of \$17,738,000; and (iv) owns other assets, through consolidated and unconsolidated subsidiaries, with a carrying value of \$1,541,000. The 31 multifamily properties are located in 11 states; most of these properties are located in the Southeast United States and Texas.

The Company conducts its operations to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, for federal income tax purposes.

Note 2 – Basis of Preparation

The accompanying interim unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for such interim periods. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. The consolidated audited balance sheet as of December 31, 2025, has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Accordingly, these unaudited statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 (the "Annual Report") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts and operations of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Other than its Preferred Equity Investments, the Company accounts for its investments in unconsolidated joint ventures under the equity method of accounting. For each venture, the Company evaluated the rights provided to each party in the venture to assess the consolidation of the venture. All investments in unconsolidated joint ventures have sufficient equity at risk to permit the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support and, as a group, the holders of the equity at risk have power through voting rights to direct the activities of these ventures. As a result, none of these joint ventures are variable interest entities ("VIEs"). Additionally, as determined in accordance with GAAP, the Company does not exercise substantial operating control over these entities, and therefore the entities are not consolidated. These investments are recorded initially at cost, as investments in unconsolidated joint ventures, and subsequently adjusted for their share of equity in earnings, cash contributions and distributions. The distributions to each joint venture partner are determined pursuant to the applicable operating agreement and may not be pro-rata to the percentage equity interest each partner has in the applicable venture.

The joint ventures in which the Company has the Preferred Equity Investments were determined to be VIE's, as it has been determined that the equity holders lack the ability to direct the activities of the legal entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance. It was determined that the Company is not the primary beneficiary as the Company does not have the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's performance, and therefore these entities are not consolidated. In accordance with GAAP, these investments are treated as loans. These investments are unsecured and are subordinate, including the payment of the returns thereon, to the mortgage debt encumbering the applicable property.

The joint venture that owns a property in Yonkers, New York, was determined not to be a VIE but is consolidated because the Company has controlling rights in such entity.

Note 2 – Basis of Preparation (continued)

The Company reviews each real estate asset owned, including those held through investments in unconsolidated joint ventures, for impairment when there is an event or a change in circumstances indicating that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The Company measures and records impairment charges, and reduces the carrying value of owned properties, when indicators of impairment are present and the expected undiscounted cash flows related to those properties are less than their carrying amounts. For its unconsolidated joint venture investments, the Company measures and records impairment losses, and reduces the carrying value of the equity investment when indicators of impairment are present and the expected discounted cash flows related to the investment is less than the carrying value. When the Company does not expect to recover its carrying value on properties held for use, the Company reduces its carrying value to fair value, and for properties held for sale, the Company reduces its carrying value to the fair value less costs to sell. When the Company does not expect to recover its carrying value on unconsolidated joint ventures that are under contract for sale, the Company, when it is determined that the sale is probable, reduces its carrying value to its fair value.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Substantially all of the Company's real estate assets, at acquisition, are comprised of real estate owned that is leased to tenants on a short-term basis. Therefore, the Company aggregates real estate assets for reporting purposes and operates in one reportable segment.

The Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") is its Chief Executive Officer. As the Company operates in one reportable segment, the CODM is provided financial reports which include (i) a consolidated income statements (detailing total revenues, operating income and net income) and (ii) Funds from Operations ("FFO") and Adjusted Funds from Operations ("AFFO"). These financial reports assist the CODM in assessing the Company's financial performance and in allocating resources appropriately.

Total revenues, as shown on the Consolidated Statements of Operations, represent segment revenues. Total expenses, as shown on the Consolidated Statements of Operations are the significant segment expense categories and amounts that are regularly provided to the CODM and included in the reported segment profit or loss, in accordance with ASC 280. All other items on the Consolidated Statements of Operations, are other segment items, as defined in ASC 280 are also included in the reported measure of profit or loss.

Note 3 – Equity

Equity Distribution Agreements

The Company has equity distribution agreements with three sales agents to sell up to \$40,000,000 of its common stock from time-to-time in an at-the-market offering. During the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, the Company did not sell any shares. At March 31, 2026, the Company is authorized to sell an aggregate of \$40,000,000 of shares pursuant to the equity distribution agreements.

Common Stock Dividend Distribution

The Company declared a quarterly cash distribution of \$0.25 per share, payable on April 6, 2026, to stockholders of record on March 27, 2026.

Share Repurchase Program

Pursuant to the Company's share repurchase program, as amended from time to time, the Company is authorized to repurchase shares of its common stock through open-market transactions, privately negotiated transactions, or otherwise. On March 11, 2026, the Board of Directors replenished the value of the shares available to be purchased pursuant to this program to \$10,000,000 of shares (a replenishment of \$4,963,000 shares from the shares that were available to be repurchased prior to such increase) and extended the program through December 31, 2028.

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company repurchased 176,148 shares of common stock at an average price per share of \$14.26 for an aggregate cost of \$2,512,000. As of March 31, 2026, up to \$8,602,000 of shares were available to be repurchased under the program. Subsequent to March 31, 2026, the Company repurchased 142,445 shares of common stock at an average price of \$13.98 per share for an aggregate cost of \$1,992,000. At April 30, 2026, the Company is authorized to repurchase \$6,610,000 shares of stock.

Note 3 – Equity (continued)

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company repurchased 78,724 shares of common stock at an average price per share of \$17.55 for an aggregate cost of \$1,382,000.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

The Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the “DRP”), among other things, provides stockholders with the opportunity to reinvest all or a portion of their cash dividends paid on the Company’s common stock in additional shares of its common stock, at a discount, determined in the Company’s sole discretion, of up to 5% from the market price for the common stock (as such price is calculated pursuant to the DRP). The discount from the market price is currently 3%. During the three months ended March 31, 2026, 68,481 shares were issued in lieu of cash dividends of \$976,000. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, 46,450 shares were issued in lieu of cash dividends of \$808,000.

Stock Based Compensation

In June 2024, the Company's stockholders approved the 2024 Incentive Plan (the "2024 Plan"). This plan permits the Company to grant: (i) stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSU's"), performance shares awards and any one or more of the foregoing, for up to a maximum of 1,000,000 shares; and (ii) cash settled dividend equivalent rights in tandem with the grant of restricted stock units and certain performance based awards. As of March 31, 2026, 312,486 shares are available for issuance pursuant to awards under the 2024 Plan. Awards to acquire 1,429,465 shares of common stock are outstanding under the 2024 Plan, the 2022 Incentive Plan (the "2022 Plan"), and the 2020 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan (the "2020 Plan"; and together with the 2022 Plan, the "Prior Plans"). No further awards may be granted pursuant to the Prior Plans.

Restricted Stock Units

As of March 31, 2026, an aggregate of 550,238 of unvested RSU's are outstanding pursuant to the 2024 Plan and the Prior Plans. Generally, the RSUs entitle the recipients, subject to continued service through the three-year vesting period to receive (i) the underlying shares if and to the extent certain performance and/or market conditions are satisfied at the vesting date, and (ii) an amount equal to the cash dividends that would have been paid during the three-year performance period with respect to the shares of common stock underlying the RSUs if, when, and to the extent, the related RSUs vest. The shares underlying the RSUs are not participating securities but are contingently issuable shares.

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, the Company recorded \$134,000 and \$293,000 of compensation expense related to the amortization of unearned compensation with respect to the RSUs. At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, \$1,056,000 and \$1,321,000 of compensation expense, respectively, has been deferred and will be charged to expense over the remaining vesting periods. The weighted average remaining vesting period of these restricted stock units is approximately 1.3 years.

Restricted Stock

In January 2026 and 2025, the Company granted 148,673 and 165,408 shares, pursuant to the 2024 Plan. As of March 31, 2026, an aggregate of 879,227 shares of unvested restricted stock are outstanding pursuant to the 2024 Plan and Prior Plans. The shares of restricted stock vest five years from the date of grant and under specified circumstances, including a change in control, may vest earlier. For financial statement purposes, the restricted stock is not included in the outstanding shares shown on the consolidated balance sheets until they vest, but is included in the earnings per share computation.

For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, the Company recorded \$788,000 and \$849,000, respectively, of compensation expense related to the amortization of unearned compensation with respect to the restricted stock awards. At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, \$6,883,000 and \$5,480,000, respectively has been deferred as unearned compensation and will be charged to expense over the remaining vesting periods of these restricted stock awards. The weighted average remaining vesting period of these restricted stock awards is 2.4 years.

Note 3 – Equity (continued)

Per Share Data

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing net income applicable to common stockholders for the applicable period by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during such period. Net income is also allocated to the unvested restricted stock outstanding during each period, as the restricted stock is entitled to receive dividends and is therefore considered a participating security. The RSUs are excluded from the basic earnings per share calculation as they are not participating securities.

Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into shares of common stock or resulted in the issuance of shares of common stock that share in the earnings of the Company. Diluted earnings per share is determined by dividing net income applicable to common stockholders for the applicable period by the weighted average number of shares of common stock deemed to be outstanding during such period.

In calculating diluted earnings per share, the Company includes only those shares underlying the RSUs that it anticipates will vest based on management's estimates as of the end of the most recent quarter. The Company excludes any shares underlying the RSUs from such calculation if their effect would have been anti-dilutive. The following table provides a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of earnings per share calculations (amounts in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share:		
Net loss	\$ (2,642)	\$ (2,308)
Deduct net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(40)	(44)
Deduct loss allocated to unvested restricted stock	122	116
Net loss available for common stockholders: basic and diluted	<u>\$ (2,560)</u>	<u>\$ (2,236)</u>
Denominator for basic earnings per share:		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	18,063,713	17,987,092
Effect of dilutive securities:		
RSUs	—	—
Denominator for diluted earnings per share:		
Weighted average number of shares	<u>18,063,713</u>	<u>17,987,092</u>
Loss per common share, basic and diluted	<u>\$ (0.14)</u>	<u>\$ (0.12)</u>

Note 4 – Leases

Lessors Accounting

The Company owns a commercial property leased to two retail tenants under operating leases expiring from 2028 to 2035, with tenant options to extend or terminate the leases. Revenues from such leases are reported as rental income, net, and are comprised of (i) lease components, which includes fixed lease payments and (ii) non-lease components, which includes reimbursements of property level operating expenses. The Company does not separate non-lease components from the related lease components, as the timing and pattern of transfer are the same, and accounts for the combined component in accordance with ASC 842.

Rental revenue from multifamily properties is recorded when due from residents and is recognized monthly as it is earned. Lease concessions are generally reported on a straight line basis over the lease term. Leases on residential properties are generally for terms that do not exceed one year.

Note 4 – Leases (continued)

Lessee Accounting

The Company is a lessee under a ground lease in Yonkers, NY which is classified as an operating lease. The ground lease expires on June 30, 2045. There are no renewal options. As of March 31, 2026, the remaining lease term is 19.3 years.

The Company is a lessee under a corporate office lease in Great Neck, New York, which is classified as an operating lease. The lease expires on December 31, 2031 and provides a five-year renewal option. As of March 31, 2026, the remaining lease term, including renewal options deemed exercised, is 10.8 years.

As of March 31, 2026, the Company's Right of Use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities were \$1,790,000 and \$1,977,000, respectively. As of December 31, 2025, the Company's ROU assets and lease liabilities were \$1,832,000 and \$2,015,000, respectively.

The discount rate applied to measure each ROU asset and lease liability is based on the Company's Incremental Borrowing Rate ("IBR"). The Company considers the general economic environment and its historical borrowing rate activity and factors in various financing and asset specific adjustments to ensure the IBR is appropriate to the intended use of the underlying lease. As the Company did not elect to apply the hindsight practical expedient, lease term assumptions determined under ASC 840 were carried forward and applied in calculating the lease liabilities recorded under ASC 842. The Company's ground lease offers a renewal option which it assesses against relevant economic factors to determine whether it is reasonably certain of exercising or not exercising the option. Lease payments associated with renewal periods that the Company is reasonably certain will be exercised, if any, are included in the measurement of the corresponding lease liability and ROU asset.

Note 5 – Real Estate Properties

Real estate properties, consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Land	\$ 74,246	\$ 74,246
Building	616,979	616,979
Building improvements	39,767	38,410
Real estate properties	730,992	729,635
Accumulated depreciation	(139,504)	(132,821)
Total real estate properties, net	<u>\$ 591,488</u>	<u>\$ 596,814</u>

A summary of real estate properties owned is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	December 31, 2025 Balance	Improvements	Depreciation	March 31, 2026 Balance
Multifamily	\$ 595,245	\$ 1,357	\$ (6,655)	\$ 589,947
Retail shopping center and other	1,569	—	(28)	1,541
Total real estate properties	<u>\$ 596,814</u>	<u>\$ 1,357</u>	<u>\$ (6,683)</u>	<u>\$ 591,488</u>

Note 6 – Loans

The Company made Preferred Equity Investments in two separate joint ventures which in turn acquired multifamily properties in the locations identified below. In accordance with GAAP, these investments are treated as loans. These investments are unsecured and are subordinate, including the payment of the returns thereon, to the mortgage debt encumbering the property acquired by the applicable joint venture. Information as to these investments at March 31, 2026 is summarized below (dollars and thousands):

Note 6 – Loans (continued)

Location	Investment Date	Annual Return	Current Return	Hurdle Return	Invested Amount	Redemption Date	Deferred fees
Wilmington, NC	October 2024	13 %	6.00 %	7.00 %	\$ 7,000	November 2031	\$ (110)
Kennesaw, GA	November 2024	13 %	6.50 %	6.50 %	11,250	June 2029	(127)
					<u>\$ 18,250</u>		<u>\$ (237)</u>

These investments provide for the Company to receive the following: (1) an (a) Annual Return (as set forth in the table above) compounded monthly, of which the Current Return (as set forth in the table above) is payable monthly to the extent of available cash flow, and (b) a Hurdle Return to be paid monthly from remaining cash flow if any, *pari passu* or after the sponsor's receipt of its management fees and specified returns on its investment and (2) the total amount invested by the Company, including any unpaid portion of the Current Return and the Hurdle Return, prior to any payments to the sponsor, upon the earlier to occur of certain events (*e.g.*, sale of the property or the refinancing of the mortgage underlying the property) and the redemption date specified above. The Current Return is recorded as interest income when it is due from the sponsor and the Hurdle Return is recognized as interest income when it is received. Deferred loan fees are capitalized and recorded into income over the life of the investment. The Company's exposure to loss is limited to its original Invested Amount (as set forth in the table above).

The following table provides the net carrying value of the loans made by the Company (*i.e.*, the Preferred Equity Investments) that are outstanding (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Unpaid principal balance	\$ 18,250	\$ 18,250
less: allowance for credit loss	(275)	(275)
less: deferred loan fees	(237)	(252)
Net carrying value	<u>\$ 17,738</u>	<u>\$ 17,723</u>

During the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, the Company recorded \$328,000 and \$309,000 respectively, of interest income, representing the full amount of the Current Return (including loan fee amortization of \$15,000 and \$16,000, respectively), payable with respect to these loans. As of March 31, 2026, these loans were current in their payment of the Current Return.

Note 7 – Allowance for Credit Loss

The Current Expected Credit Losses ("CECL") reserve required under ASU 2016-13 "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses – Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments (Topic 326)" ("ASU 2016-13") reflects the Company's estimate as of the balance sheet date of potential credit losses related to its loan portfolio. Changes to the CECL reserve are recognized through a provision for or reversal of current expected credit loss reserve on the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The reserve is based on relevant information about past events, including historical loss experience, current loan portfolio, market conditions and reasonable and supportable macroeconomic forecasts for the duration of each loan. The Company has elected to apply the practical expedient to exclude accrued interest receivable from the amortized cost basis of the receivables.

The Company considers key credit quality indicators in underwriting loans and estimating credit losses, including: the capitalization of borrowers and sponsors; the expertise of the sponsors in a particular real estate sector and geographic market; collateral type; geographic region; use and occupancy of the property; property market value; loan amount and lien position; industry risk rating for the same and similar loans; and prior experience with the sponsor. Such analyses are completed and reviewed by asset management personnel and evaluated by senior management on a quarterly basis, utilizing various data sources. Ultimate repayment of the loans referenced in note 6 is sensitive to interest rate changes, general economic conditions, liquidity, existence of an active sales market for properties, and availability of replacement financing.

Adjustments to the allowance are recorded on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Provision for credit loss". If the Company determines that a loan or a portion of the loan is uncollectible, it will write off the uncollectible portion of the loan through an adjustment to its CECL allowance based on the net present value of expected future cash flows. Write-offs are recorded in the period in which the loan balance is deemed uncollectible based on management's judgment.

Note 7 – Allowance for Credit Loss (continued)

Changes in the Company's allowance for credit loss were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
CECL allowance at beginning of year	\$ 275	\$ 270
Provision for credit loss	—	5
Ending balance	<u>\$ 275</u>	<u>\$ 275</u>

Note 8 – Restricted Cash

The restricted cash reflected on the consolidated balance sheets represents funds that are held by the Company specifically for capital improvements at certain multifamily properties owned by unconsolidated joint ventures.

Note 9 – Investment in Unconsolidated Ventures

At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company held interests in unconsolidated joint ventures that own ten multifamily properties (the "Unconsolidated Properties"). The condensed balance sheets below present information regarding such properties (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
ASSETS		
Real estate properties, net of accumulated depreciation of \$99,388 and \$95,747	\$ 361,016	\$ 363,451
Cash and cash equivalents	7,166	7,506
Other assets	8,555	11,756
Total Assets	<u>\$ 376,737</u>	<u>\$ 382,713</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Mortgages payable, net of deferred costs of \$1,024 and \$1,106	\$ 284,626	\$ 285,379
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,581	9,435
Total Liabilities	291,207	294,814
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity:		
Total unconsolidated joint venture equity	85,530	87,899
Total Liabilities and Equity	<u>\$ 376,737</u>	<u>\$ 382,713</u>
BRT's interest in joint venture equity	<u>\$ 44,765</u>	<u>\$ 46,121</u>

Note 9 – Investment in Unconsolidated Ventures (continued)

At the indicated dates, real estate properties of the unconsolidated joint ventures consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Land	\$ 54,272	\$ 54,272
Building	387,415	387,364
Building improvements	18,717	17,562
Real estate properties	460,404	459,198
Accumulated depreciation	(99,388)	(95,747)
Total real estate properties, net	<u>\$ 361,016</u>	<u>\$ 363,451</u>

At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the weighted average interest rate on the mortgages payable is 4.19% and 4.21%, respectively, and the weighted average remaining term to maturity is 3.1 years and 3.3 years, respectively.

The condensed income statements below present information regarding the Unconsolidated Properties (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Revenues:		
Rental and other revenue	\$ 13,432	\$ 11,709
Total revenues	13,432	11,709
Expenses:		
Real estate operating expenses	6,505	5,173
Interest expense	3,195	2,745
Depreciation and amortization	4,198	3,748
Total expenses	13,898	11,666
Total revenues less total expenses	(466)	43
Other equity (loss) earnings	(6)	90
Net (loss) income	<u>\$ (472)</u>	<u>\$ 133</u>
BRT's equity in (loss) earnings	<u>\$ (308)</u>	<u>\$ 413</u>

Note 10 – Debt Obligations

Debt obligations consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Mortgages payable	\$ 474,574	\$ 475,697
Junior subordinated notes	37,400	37,400
Credit facility	—	—
Deferred financing costs (1)	(4,586)	(4,831)
Total debt obligations, net of deferred costs	<u>\$ 507,388</u>	<u>\$ 508,266</u>

(1) Excludes \$202 and \$236 of deferred financing costs related to the credit facility which are reflected in other assets at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively.

Mortgages Payable

At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the weighted average interest rate on the Company's mortgage payables was 4.22%, and the weighted average remaining term to maturity is 6.1 years and 6.4 years, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, interest expense, which includes amortization of deferred financing costs, was \$5,336,000 and \$4,991,000, respectively.

Credit Facility

The Company's credit facility with an affiliate of Valley National Bank ("VNB"), allows the Company to borrow, subject to compliance with borrowing base requirements and other conditions, up to \$40,000,000. The facility can be used to facilitate the acquisition of multifamily properties, repay mortgage debt secured by multifamily properties and for operating expenses (*i.e.*, working capital (including dividend payments)); provided that no more than \$25,000,000 may be used for operating expenses. The facility is secured by the cash available at VNB and the Company's pledge of the interests in the entities that own the properties, and matures in September 2027.

The interest rate on the credit facility, which adjusts monthly and is subject to a floor of 6.0%, equals one-month term SOFR plus 250 basis points. The interest rate in effect as of March 31, 2026 is 6.18%. There is an unused facility fee of 0.25% per annum on the total amount committed by VNB and unused by the Company. At March 31, 2026, the Company is in compliance in all material respects with its obligations under the facility.

At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, there was no outstanding balance, respectively, on the facility. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, which includes amortization of deferred financing costs and unused fees, was \$59,000 and \$59,000, respectively. The remaining deferred financing costs of \$202,000 and \$236,000 are recorded as Other Assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively.

Junior Subordinated Notes

At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the outstanding principal balance of the Company's junior subordinated notes was \$37,400,000, before deferred financing costs of \$212,000 and \$217,000, respectively. The interest rate on outstanding balance resets quarterly and is equal to three month term SOFR + 2.26%. The interest rate in effect at March 31, 2026 and 2025 was 5.94% and 6.55%, respectively.

The junior subordinated notes require interest only payments through the maturity date of April 30, 2036, at which time repayment of the outstanding principal and unpaid interest become due. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, which includes amortization of deferred financing costs, was \$564,000 and \$626,000, respectively.

Note 11 – Related Party Transactions

The Company has retained certain of its part-time executive officers and Fredric H. Gould, a director, among other things, to participate in the Company's multifamily property analysis and approval process (which includes service on an investment committee), provide investment advice, and provide long-term planning and consulting with executives and employees with respect to other business matters, as required. The aggregate fees incurred for these services in each of the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025 were \$446,000 and \$425,000, respectively.

Management of a property owned by the Company and a joint venture property are provided by Majestic Property Management LLC. ("Majestic Property"), a company which is indirectly owned by, among others, Jeffrey A. Gould, a director and our chief executive officer and president, and Matthew J. Gould, a director and a senior vice president. Certain of the Company's officers are also members of management of Majestic Property. Majestic Property also provides real estate brokerage and construction supervision services to these properties. These fees amounted to \$8,000 and \$9,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025.

Pursuant to a shared services agreement between the Company and several affiliated entities, including Gould Investors L.P. ("Gould Investors"), the owner and operator of a diversified portfolio of real estate and other assets, and One Liberty Properties, Inc., a NYSE listed equity REIT, (i) the services of the part-time personnel that perform certain executive, administrative, legal, accounting and clerical functions and (ii) certain facilities and other resources, are provided to the Company by other entities. The allocation of expenses for the facilities, personnel and other resources shared by, among others, the Company and Gould Investors, is determined in accordance with such agreement and is included in general and administrative expense on the consolidated statements of operations. During the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, allocated general and administrative expenses reimbursed by the Company to Gould Investors pursuant to the shared services agreement aggregated was \$253,000 and \$178,000, respectively. Messrs. J. Gould and M. Gould, are executive officers of Georgetown Partners, LLC, the managing general partner of Gould Investors.

Note 12 – Fair Value Measurements

The Company estimates the fair value of financial assets and liabilities based on the framework established in fair value accounting guidance. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (an exit price). The hierarchy described below prioritizes inputs to the valuation techniques used in measuring the fair value of assets and liabilities. This hierarchy maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring the most observable inputs to be used when available. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

- Level 1— inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets and liabilities in active markets
- Level 2— inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3— inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to fair value.

Financial Instruments Not Carried at Fair Value

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments that are not recorded at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets:

Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable (included in other assets), accounts payable and accrued liabilities: The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for these instruments approximate their fair value due to the short term nature of these accounts.

Loan Receivables: At March 31, 2026, the estimated fair value of the loan receivables is greater than their carrying value by approximately \$66,000, based on market interest rates ranging from 6.04% to 6.25%. At December 31, 2025, the estimated

Note 12 – Fair Value Measurements (continued)

fair value of the Company's loan receivables, equaled their carrying value due to their proximity to origination. The Company values its loan receivables using a discounted cash flow analysis of the expected cash flow of each instrument.

Junior subordinated notes: At March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the estimated fair value of the notes is lower than their carrying value by approximately \$6,871,000 and \$3,897,000, respectively, based on a market interest rate of 8.76% and 7.60%, respectively. The Company values its junior subordinated notes using a discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each instrument.

Mortgages payable: At March 31, 2026, the estimated fair value of the Company's mortgages payable is lower than their carrying value by approximately \$23,792,000, assuming market interest rates between 5.03% and 5.61%. At December 31, 2025, the estimated fair value of the Company's mortgages payable was lower than their carrying value by approximately \$21,107,000, assuming market interest rates between 4.79% and 5.44%. Market interest rates were determined using rates which the Company believes reflects institutional lender yield requirements at the balance sheet dates. The Company values its mortgages payable using a discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each instrument.

Considerable judgment is necessary to interpret market data and develop estimated fair value. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value. The fair value of debt obligations are considered to be Level 2 valuations within the fair value hierarchy.

Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time, the Company and/or its subsidiaries are parties to legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business, and in particular, personal injury claims involving the operations of the Company's properties. Although management believes that the primary and umbrella insurance coverage maintained with respect to such properties is sufficient to cover claims for compensatory damages, many of these personal injury claims also assert claims for exemplary (*i.e.*, punitive) damages. Generally, insurance does not cover claims for exemplary damages.

Note 14 – New Accounting Pronouncement

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU No. 2024-03, *Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income – Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*. This ASU aims to enhance financial reporting transparency by requiring disaggregated disclosure of income statement expenses for public business entities ("PBEs"). The ASU does not change the expense captions an entity presents on the face of the income statement; rather, it requires disaggregation of certain expense captions into specified categories within the footnotes to the financial statements.

ASU No. 2024-03 is applicable for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026. The Company is evaluating the new guidance to determine impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 15 – Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated and any significant events, relative to our consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2026, that warrant additional disclosure, have been included in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Quarterly Report"), together with other statements and information publicly disseminated by us, contains certain forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and include this statement for purposes of complying with these safe harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements relate to expectations, beliefs, projections, future plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends concerning matters that are not historical facts. Forward looking statements are generally identifiable by use of words such as "may," "will," "will likely result," "shall," "should," "could," "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," "apparent," "experiencing," or similar expressions or variations thereof.

Forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report are based on our beliefs, assumptions and expectations of our future performance taking into account the information currently available to us. These beliefs, assumptions and expectations can change as a result of many possible events or factors, not all of which are known to us or within our control, and which could materially affect actual results, performance or achievements. Factors which may cause actual results to vary from our forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- inability to generate sufficient cash flows due to unfavorable economic and market conditions (e.g., inflation, volatile interest rates and the possibility of a recession), changes in supply and/or demand, competition, uninsured losses, changes in tax and housing laws or other factors;
- adverse changes in real estate markets, including, but not limited to, the extent of future demand for multifamily units in our significant markets, barriers of entry into new markets which we may seek to enter in the future, limitations on our ability to maintain or increase rental or occupancy rates, competition, our ability to identify and consummate attractive acquisitions and dispositions on favorable terms, and our ability to reinvest sale proceeds in a manner that generates favorable returns;
- general and local real estate conditions, including any changes in the value of our real estate;
- decreasing rental rates or increasing vacancy rates;
- challenges in acquiring or investing in multifamily properties (including challenges in (i) buying properties directly without the participation of joint venture partners and (ii) making alternative investments in multifamily properties, and the limited number of multifamily property investment/acquisition opportunities available to us), which transactions may not be completed or may not produce the cash flows or income expected;
- the competitive environment in which we operate, including competition that could adversely affect our ability to acquire properties and/or limit our ability to lease apartments or increase or maintain rental rates;
- exposure to risks inherent in investments in a single industry and sector;
- the concentration of our multifamily properties in the Southeastern United States and Texas, which makes us more susceptible to adverse developments in those markets;
- increases in expenses over which we have limited control, such as real estate taxes, insurance and utilities, due to inflation or other factors such as the ongoing conflicts between (i) Ukraine and Russia and (ii) Israel / the United States of America and Iran;
- impairment in the value of real estate we own;
- failure of property managers to properly manage properties;
- accessibility of debt and equity capital markets;
- disagreements with, or misconduct by, joint venture partners;
- inability to obtain financing at favorable rates, if at all, or refinance existing debt as it matures due to the level and volatility of interest or capitalization rates or capital market conditions
- extreme weather and natural disasters such as hurricanes, tornadoes and floods;
- lack of or insufficient amounts of insurance to cover, among other things, losses from catastrophes;
- risks associated with acquiring value-add multifamily properties, which involves greater risks than more conservative approaches;
- the condition of Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, which could adversely impact us;
- changes in Federal, state and local governmental laws and regulations, including laws and regulations relating to taxes and real estate and related investments;

- our failure to comply with laws, including those requiring access to our properties by disabled persons, which could result in substantial costs;
- board determinations as to timing and payment of dividends, if any, and our ability or willingness to pay future dividends;
- our ability to satisfy the complex rules required to maintain our qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes;
- possible environmental liabilities, including costs, fines or penalties that may be incurred due to necessary remediation of contamination of properties presently owned or previously owned by us or a subsidiary owned by us or acquired by us;
- our dependence on information systems, risks associated with breaches of such systems and the impact on us and our competitors from the use of artificial intelligence;
- disease outbreaks and other public health events, and measures that are taken by federal, state, and local governmental authorities in response to such outbreaks and events;
- impact of climate change on our properties or operations;
- risks associated with the stock ownership restrictions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") for REITs and the stock ownership limit imposed by our charter; and
- the other factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 (the "Annual Report") including those set forth in such report under the captions "*Item 1. Business*," "*Item 1A. Risk Factors*," and "*Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*".

We caution you not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this report. Except to the extent otherwise required by applicable law or regulation, we undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the filing of this report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events thereafter.

Overview

We own and operate multifamily properties. These properties may be wholly owned by us or by unconsolidated joint ventures in which we contributed a portion of the equity. At March 31, 2026, we: (i) wholly-own 21 multifamily properties with an aggregate of 5,420 units and a carrying value of \$589.9 million; (ii) have ownership interests, through unconsolidated entities, in ten multifamily properties with 2,891 units and a carrying value of \$44.8 million; (iii) have preferred equity interests in two multifamily properties with a carrying value of \$17.7 million; and (iii) own other assets, through consolidated and unconsolidated subsidiaries, with a carrying value of \$1.5 million. The 31 multifamily properties are located in 11 states; most of these properties are located in the Southeast United States and Texas.

Challenges and Uncertainties

We face challenges due to the uncertain national economic environment (*e.g.*, the possibility of inflation, recession and/or stagflation, the potential impact of tariffs and trade wars, and/or volatile interest rates), and the oversupply of multifamily properties in several markets in which we compete (including Atlanta, GA, Huntsville, AL, Dallas, TX, San Antonio, TX, Nashville TN, Pensacola, FL, LaGrange, GA and San Marcos, TX). In addition, we use concessions (and in particular, in markets that are especially competitive) as a means to improve occupancy. The use of concessions reduces our rental income and may add to the variability of our operating results. These challenges and uncertainties have, and we anticipate may continue to adversely impact (i) the rental and occupancy rates at our properties, and (ii) our ability to grow rental income and/or control our real estate operating expenses, some of which, such as real estate taxes, we have a very limited ability to control and frequently increase, with limited notice of the increase.

We anticipate that our mortgage interest expense will increase as we refinance the aggregate \$88.6 million and \$65.9 million of principal balances of mortgage debt maturing in 2026 and 2027, respectively (including \$61.0 million and \$23.1 million of such principal balances at unconsolidated subsidiaries maturing in 2026 and 2027, respectively) because current comparable mortgage interest rates are generally higher than the weighted average interest rate on such maturing mortgages (*i.e.*, the weighted average interest rate on the mortgages on our consolidated and unconsolidated properties maturing through December 31, 2027 is 4.40%) and the weighted average interest rate on the mortgage refinancing we completed in mid-December was 4.95%.

Results of Operations

Three months ended March 31, 2026 compared to three months ended March 31, 2025.

As used herein, the term "same store properties" refers to multifamily properties that were wholly owned for the entirety of the periods presented. For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, all of our multifamily properties in our consolidated portfolio are same store properties.

Revenues

The following table compares our revenues for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands):	Three Months Ended March 31,		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
	2026	2025		
Rental and other revenue from real estate properties	\$ 24,170	\$ 23,619	\$ 551	2.3 %
Loan interest and other income	435	487	(52)	(10.7)%
Total revenues	<u>\$ 24,605</u>	<u>\$ 24,106</u>	<u>\$ 499</u>	2.1 %

Rental and other revenue from real estate properties

The increase is due primarily to improvements in rental (which include the effect of straight line rent adjustments related to rent concessions) and occupancy rates. Approximately \$349,000 of the improvement pertains to Bells Bluff.

Expenses

The following table compares our expenses for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
	2026	2025		
Real estate operating expenses	\$ 10,489	\$ 10,550	\$ (61)	(0.6)%
Interest expense	5,960	5,676	284	5.0 %
General and administrative	3,867	4,070	(203)	(5.0)%
Depreciation and amortization	6,683	6,541	142	2.2 %
Total expenses	<u>\$ 26,999</u>	<u>\$ 26,837</u>	<u>\$ 162</u>	0.6 %

Real estate operating expense

The change is due primarily to decreases of \$162,000 of payroll costs across the portfolio and \$109,000 of insurance expenses due to lower premium rates. The decrease was offset by an increase of \$182,000 of expense primarily due to remediating damage from casualty events at River Place and Bells Bluff.

We believe that real estate operating expense will increase in 2026 due to, among other things, anticipated increases in payroll expense and that due to, among other things, the conflict in Iran, utility expense.

Interest expense

The change is due primarily to the additional \$357,000 mortgage interest expense related to the refinancing of the River Place, Boerne and Civic 1 mortgages in December 2025 which added \$29 million to our debt and at a higher interest rate (a weighted average interest rate of 4.95%) than the debt that was paid off.

General and administrative

Contributing to the change were decreases of (i) \$220,000 of non-cash amortization expense associated with equity awards (including \$94,000 related to the forfeiture of our former Chief Financial Officer's restricted stock units upon his retirement in February 2026), and (ii) \$95,000 in professional fees associated with non-recurring out-of-scope audit procedures expensed in March 31, 2025.

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures

Equity in earnings from unconsolidated joint ventures decreased to a loss of \$308,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2026 from earnings of \$413,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Approximately \$675,000 of the change is due to our share of operating losses at properties acquired subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2025, (*i.e.*, 1322 North and Oaks at Victory). For the three month period ended March 31, 2026, the operating loss included \$557,000 in non-cash amortization of lease intangibles acquired in such purchases. We anticipate that \$262,000 and \$121,000 of the non-cash expense associated with the amortization of these lease intangibles will be incurred for the three month periods ending June 30, 2026 and September 30, 2026, respectively, at which point such intangibles will be fully amortized.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We require funds to pay operating expenses and debt service obligations, acquire and/or invest in properties (including alternative investments), make capital and other improvements, fund capital contributions, pay dividends and continue to repurchase our common stock. Generally, our primary sources of capital and liquidity are the operations of our multifamily properties (including distributions and/or income from the preferred equity investments and the operations of the unconsolidated multifamily properties), mortgage debt financings and re-financings (including proceeds (in excess of refinanced amounts), from the refinancing of properties that appreciated in value since the original financing), property sales, the issuance of shares of our common stock pursuant to our at-the-market distribution and dividend reinvestment programs, borrowings from our credit facility and our available cash. At May 1, 2026, our available liquidity was approximately \$61.8 million, including \$21.8 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$40 million available under our credit facility.

We anticipate that from April 1, 2026 through December 31, 2028, our operating expenses, \$88.4 million of mortgage amortization and interest expense (including \$29.7 million from unconsolidated joint ventures), \$88.6 million, \$65.9 million and \$104.6 million of balloon payments with respect to mortgages maturing in 2026, 2027 and 2028, respectively (including \$61.0 million, \$23.1 million and \$66.6 million maturing in 2026, 2027 and 2028, respectively, from unconsolidated joint ventures), interest expense on our junior subordinated notes, estimated cash dividend payments of at least \$52.2 million (assuming (i) the current quarterly dividend rate of \$0.25 per share and (ii) 19.0 million shares outstanding), will be funded in part from cash generated from operations (including distributions from unconsolidated joint ventures). Our operating cash flow and available cash is insufficient to fully fund the \$259.1 million (including \$150.7 million at unconsolidated joint ventures) of balloon payments due through 2028, and if we are unable to refinance such debt on acceptable terms, we may need to issue additional equity or dispose of properties, in each case on potentially unfavorable terms.

Our ability to acquire or invest in additional multifamily property opportunities and implement value-add projects is limited by our available cash and our ability to (i) draw on our credit facility, (ii) obtain, on acceptable terms, mortgage debt from lenders, (iii) obtain proceeds from the sale and/or refinancing of properties that have appreciated in value, and (iv) raise capital from the sale of our common stock.

At March 31, 2026, we had mortgage debt of \$762.4 million (including \$287.6 million of mortgage debt at of our unconsolidated subsidiaries). The mortgage debt at our: (i) consolidated properties had a weighted average interest rate of 4.22% and a weighted average remaining term to maturity of approximately 6.1 years, and (ii) at our unconsolidated subsidiaries had a weighted average interest rate of 4.19% and a remaining term to maturity of approximately 3.1 years.

Junior Subordinated Notes

As of March 31, 2026, \$37.4 million (excluding deferred costs of \$212,000) in principal amount of our junior subordinated notes is outstanding. These notes mature in April 2036, contain limited covenants (including covenants prohibiting us from paying dividends or repurchasing capital stock if there is an event of default (as defined therein) on these notes), are redeemable at our option and bear an interest rate, which resets and is payable quarterly, at a rate of three-month term SOFR plus 250 basis points. At March 31, 2026 and 2025, the interest rate on these notes was 5.94% and 6.55%, respectively.

Credit Facility

Our credit facility with VNB New York, LLC, an affiliate of Valley National Bank (collectively, "VNB"), allows us to borrow, subject to compliance with borrowing base requirements and other conditions, up to \$40 million, (i) for the acquisition of, and investment in, multifamily properties, (ii) to repay mortgage debt secured by multifamily properties and (iii) for Operating Expenses (*i.e.*, working capital (including dividend payments) and operating expenses); provided, that not more than \$25 million may be used for Operating Expenses. The credit facility is secured by cash accounts maintained by us at VNB (and we are required to maintain substantially all of our bank accounts at VNB), and the pledge of our interests in the entities that own the unencumbered multifamily properties used in calculating the borrowing base. The credit facility bears an annual interest rate, which resets monthly, equal to one-month term SOFR plus 250 basis points, with a floor of 6.00%. There is an annual fee of 0.25% on the total amount committed by VNB and unused by us. The credit facility matures in September 2027. Net proceeds received from the sale, financing or refinancing of our properties are generally required to be used to repay amounts outstanding on the facility. The interest rate in effect at March 31, 2026 and April 30, 2026, was 6.18% and 6.16% respectively. As of April 30, 2026, there was no outstanding balance on the credit facility and \$40 million is available to be borrowed thereunder.

The terms of the credit facility include certain restrictions and covenants which, among other things, limit the incurrence of liens, require that we maintain and include in the collateral securing the facility at least two unencumbered properties with an aggregate value (as calculated pursuant to the facility) of at least \$50 million, and require compliance with financial ratios relating to, among other things, maintaining a minimum tangible net worth of \$140 million, the minimum amount of debt service coverage with respect to the properties (and amounts drawn on the credit facility) used in calculating the borrowing base. Net proceeds received from the sale, financing or refinancing of wholly-owned properties are generally required to be used to repay amounts outstanding under the credit facility. At March 31, 2026, we were in compliance in all material respects with the requirements of the facility.

Other Financing Sources and Arrangements

At March 31, 2026, we are joint venture partners in unconsolidated joint ventures which own ten multifamily properties and the distributions to us from these joint venture properties of \$1.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2026 contributed to our liquidity and cash flow. Further, we may be required to make significant capital contributions with respect to these properties. At March 31, 2026, our investments in these joint venture properties had a net-equity carrying value of \$44.8 million. The underlying properties are subject to mortgage debt, which is not reflected on our consolidated balance sheet, of \$287.6 million. Although BRT Apartments Corp. is not the obligor with respect to such mortgage debt, the loss of any of these properties due to mortgage foreclosure or similar proceedings would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition. See note 9 to our consolidated financial statements.

At March 31, 2026, we had preferred equity investments in two multifamily properties and during the quarter ended March 31, 2026, we generated \$313,000 of loan interest income from these investments. At March 31, 2026, these investments had a carrying value of \$17.7 million, are unsecured and are structurally subordinate to (including the payment of the returns thereon), an aggregate of \$50.9 million of mortgage debt (which is not reflected on our consolidated balance sheet) bearing a weighted average interest rate of 4.81% and a weighted average remaining term to maturity of 4.6 years. Although we are not the obligor with respect to such mortgage debt, the loss of any of these investments due to mortgage foreclosure or similar proceedings would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition. See note 6 to our consolidated financial statements.

Cash Distribution Policy

We have elected to be treated as a REIT under the Code. To qualify as a REIT, we must meet a number of organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement that we distribute to our stockholders within the time frames prescribed by the Code at least 90% of our ordinary taxable income. Management currently intends to maintain our REIT status. As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to corporate Federal income tax on taxable income we distribute to stockholders in accordance with the Code. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to Federal income taxes at regular corporate rates and may not be able to qualify as a REIT for four subsequent tax years. Even if we qualify for Federal taxation as a REIT, we are subject to certain state and local taxes on our income and to Federal income and excise taxes on undistributed taxable income (*i.e.*, taxable income not distributed in the amounts and in the time frames prescribed by the Code).

On April 6, 2026, we paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.25 per share to holders of record of our common stock as of the close of business on March 27, 2026.

We carefully monitor our discretionary spending. Our largest recurring discretionary expenditure has been our quarterly dividend (which was \$0.25 per share of common stock, or approximately \$4.7 million, with respect to the dividend paid in April 2026) and repurchases of our common stock. With respect to our dividend payments, our board of directors, on a quarterly basis, evaluates the timing and amount of our dividend based on its assessment of, among other things, our short and long term cash and liquidity requirements, prospects, debt maturities, projections of our REIT taxable income, net income, funds from operations, and adjusted funds from operations. With respect to our stock repurchases, management evaluates the appropriateness of such repurchases in light of, among other things, available alternative investments, and our capital and liquidity requirements (near and long term).

Application of Critical Accounting Estimates

A complete discussion of our critical accounting estimates is included in our Annual Report. There have been no changes in such estimates.

Funds from Operations, Adjusted Funds from Operations and Net Operating Income

We disclose below funds from operations (“FFO”), adjusted funds from operations (“AFFO”) and net operating income (“NOI”) because we believe that such metrics are a widely recognized and appropriate measure of the performance of an equity REIT.

We compute FFO in accordance with the “White Paper on Funds From Operations” issued by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (“NAREIT”) and NAREIT’s related guidance. FFO is defined in the White Paper as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP), excluding depreciation and amortization related to real estate, gains and losses from the sale of certain real estate assets, gains and losses from change in control, impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investments in entities where the impairment is directly attributable to decreases in the value of depreciable real estate held by the entity. Adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures are calculated to reflect funds from operations on the same basis. In computing FFO, we do not add back to net income the amortization of costs in connection with our financing activities or depreciation of non-real estate assets.

We compute AFFO by adjusting FFO for the loss of extinguishment of debt, our straight-line rent and rental concession accruals, restricted stock and RSU compensation expense, fair value adjustment of mortgage debt, gain on insurance recovery, insurance recovery from casualty loss and deferred mortgage and debt costs (including, in each case as applicable, from our share from our unconsolidated joint ventures). Since the NAREIT White Paper only provides guidelines for computing FFO, the computation of AFFO may vary from one REIT to another.

We believe that FFO and AFFO are useful and standard supplemental measures of the operating performance for equity REITs and are used frequently by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in evaluating equity REITs, many of which present FFO and AFFO when reporting their operating results. FFO and AFFO are intended to exclude GAAP historical cost depreciation and amortization of real estate assets, which assumes that the carrying value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. In fact, real estate values have historically risen and fallen with market conditions. As a result, we believe that FFO and AFFO provide a performance measure that when compared year over year, should reflect the impact to operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental rates, operating costs, interest costs and other matters without the inclusion of depreciation and amortization, providing a perspective that may not be necessarily apparent from net income. We also consider FFO and AFFO to be useful to us in evaluating potential property acquisitions.

FFO and AFFO do not represent net income or cash flows from operations as defined by GAAP. FFO and AFFO should not be considered to be an alternative to net income as a reliable measure of our operating performance; nor should FFO and AFFO be considered an alternative to cash flows from operating, investing or financing activities (as defined by GAAP) as measures of liquidity. FFO and AFFO do not measure whether cash flow is sufficient to fund all of our cash needs, including principal amortization and capital improvements. FFO and AFFO do not represent cash flows from operating, investing or financing activities as defined by GAAP.

Management recognizes that there are limitations in the use of FFO and AFFO. In evaluating our performance, management is careful to examine GAAP measures such as net income and cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities.

The tables below provides a reconciliation of net loss determined in accordance with GAAP to FFO and AFFO on a dollar and per share basis for each of the indicated periods (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
GAAP Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (2,682)	\$ (2,352)
Add: depreciation and amortization of properties	6,683	6,541
Add: our share of depreciation in unconsolidated joint venture properties	2,246	1,533
Adjustments for non-controlling interests	(4)	(4)
<i>NAREIT Funds from operations attributable to common stockholders</i>	6,243	5,718
Adjustments for: deferred rent concessions and straight line rent	(189)	98
Adjustments for: our share of straight-line rent and rent concession accruals from unconsolidated joint venture properties	(31)	(12)
Add: amortization of restricted stock and RSU expense	922	1,142
Add: amortization of deferred mortgage and debt costs	279	283
Add: our share of deferred mortgage costs from unconsolidated joint venture properties	43	30
Add: amortization of fair value adjustment for mortgage debt	72	129
<i>Adjusted funds from operations attributable to common stockholders</i>	<u>\$ 7,339</u>	<u>\$ 7,388</u>

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
GAAP Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.12)
Add: depreciation and amortization of properties	0.35	0.34
Add: our share of depreciation in unconsolidated joint venture properties	0.12	0.08
Adjustment for non-controlling interests	—	—
<i>NAREIT Funds from operations per diluted common share</i>	0.33	0.30
Adjustments for: deferred rent concessions and straight line rent	(0.01)	0.01
Adjustments for: our share of straight-line rent and rent concession accruals in unconsolidated joint venture properties	—	—
Add: amortization of restricted stock and RSU expense	0.06	0.06
Add: amortization of deferred mortgage and debt costs	0.01	0.01
Add: our share of deferred mortgage and debt costs from unconsolidated joint venture properties	—	—
Add: amortization of fair value adjustment for mortgage debt	—	0.01
<i>Adjusted funds from operations per diluted common share</i>	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.39
Diluted shares outstanding for FFO and AFFO	<u>18,967,250</u>	<u>18,910,231</u>

FFO for the three months ended March 31, 2026 increased from the corresponding quarter in the prior year primarily due to (i) an improvement in operating margins (including an increase in rental revenues and a decrease in operating expenses), (ii) the effect of changes in straight-line rent adjustments related to concessions, and (iii) decrease in expenses relating to equity awards. The increase was offset primarily by an increase in interest expense. See "Results of Operations - Three Months Ended March 31, 2026 compared to three months ended March 31, 2025" for a discussion of these changes.

Net Operating Income, or NOI, is a non-GAAP measure of performance. NOI is used by our management and many investors to evaluate and compare the performance of our properties to other comparable properties, to determine trends at our properties and to determine the estimated fair value of our properties. The usefulness of NOI may be limited in that it does not take into account, among other things, general and administrative expense, interest expense, loss on extinguishment of debt, casualty losses, insurance recoveries and gains or losses as determined by GAAP. NOI is a property specific performance metric and does not measure our performance as a whole.

NOI is defined as "Rental and other revenue from real estate properties" less "Real estate operating expenses" in each case as presented on our statements of operations. Real estate operating expenses include real estate taxes, insurance, property management expense, utilities, repairs and maintenance, administrative and marketing. Other REIT's may use different methodologies for calculating NOI, and accordingly, our NOI may not be comparable to other REIT's. We believe NOI provides an operating perspective not immediately apparent from GAAP operating income or net income (loss). NOI is one of the measures we use to evaluate our performance because it (i) measures the core operations of property performance by excluding corporate level expenses and other items unrelated to property operating performance and (ii) captures trends in rental housing and property operating expenses. However, NOI should only be used as an alternative measure of our financial performance.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income attributable to common stockholders as computed in accordance with GAAP to NOI of our consolidated properties for the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Variance
	2026	2025	
GAAP Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (2,682)	\$ (2,352)	\$ (330)
Less: Loan interest and other income	(435)	(487)	52
Add: Interest expense	5,960	5,676	284
General and administrative	3,867	4,070	(203)
Depreciation and amortization	6,683	6,541	142
Provision for taxes	76	58	18
Less: Insurance recoveries	(136)	(68)	(68)
Adjust for: Equity in loss (earnings) of unconsolidated joint venture properties	308	(413)	721
Add: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	40	44	(4)
Net Operating Income	\$ 13,681	\$ 13,069	\$ 612
Less: Non-same store Net Operating Income	287	322	(35)
Same store Net Operating Income	\$ 13,394	\$ 12,747	\$ 647

For the three months ended March 31, 2026, NOI increased from the corresponding period in 2025 primarily due to a \$579,000 increase in rental revenue. See "Results of Operations - Three Months Ended March 31, 2026 Compared to the Three Months ended March 31, 2025" for a discussion of these changes.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks

Substantially all of our mortgage debt bears interest at fixed rates. Our junior subordinated notes bear interest at the rate of three month term SOFR plus 226 basis points. At March 31, 2026, the interest rate on these notes was 5.94%. Our credit facility bears interest at the rate of one month term SOFR plus 250 basis points and has a minimum interest rate of 6.00%. At March 31, 2026, the interest rate on the credit facility was 6.18%. A 100 basis point increase in interest rates would increase our related interest expense on our junior subordinated notes by approximately \$374,000 annually and a 100 basis point decrease in the rates would decrease our related interest expense by \$374,000 annually. A 100 basis point increase in interest rates would not increase our related interest expense on our credit facility due to the lack of borrowings during the three months ended March 31, 2026.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As required under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, we carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2026. Based upon that evaluation, these officers concluded that as of March 31, 2026 our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2026 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II - Other Information

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Purchase of Equity Securities

The following table summarizes our purchases of our common stock during the three months ended March 31, 2026:

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
January 1 - January 31, 2026	75,155	\$ 14.82	75,155	\$ 5,037,384 ⁽¹⁾
February 1 - February 28, 2026	—	—	—	\$ 5,037,384
March 1 - March 31, 2026	100,993	\$ 13.85	100,993	\$ 8,601,598
Total	176,148		176,148	

(1) In March 2026, the Board of Directors replenished the value of the shares we are able to repurchase pursuant to the program to \$10 million of shares (a replenishment of \$4.96 million of shares), and extended such program through December 31, 2028. We are authorized to repurchase shares in open market or privately negotiated transactions (including related party transactions).

From April 1, 2026 through April 15, 2026, we repurchased 142,445 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$13.98 per share for an aggregate cost of \$1.99 million. After giving effect to such repurchases, approximately \$6.6 million of shares of common stock are available to be repurchased under the share repurchase program. We anticipate continuing to repurchase shares of our common stock.

Item 5. Other Information

Disclosure of 10b5-1 Plans

None of our officers or directors had any contract, instruction, or written plan for the purchase or sale of our securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) or any "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" in effect at any time during the three months ended March 31, 2026.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	<u>Title of Exhibits</u>
31.1	Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Senior Vice President—Finance pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.3	Certification of Vice President and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Senior Vice President—Finance pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.3	Certification of Vice President and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101	The following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, formatted in Inline XBRL: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iv) Consolidated Statements of Equity, (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Date File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

* Management contract of compensatory plan or agreement

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BRT APARTMENTS CORP.

May 7, 2026

/s/ Jeffrey A. Gould

Jeffrey A. Gould
Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

May 7, 2026

/s/ Isaac Kalish

Isaac Kalish
Chief Financial Officer and Senior
Vice President
(Principal Financial Officer)